



**User Manual**

**IP-Octal 232**

**Eight Channel RS-232  
IndustryPack™**

Revision 6 7/27/99  
Corresponding Hardware: Revision B

# IP-Octal 232

Eight Channel RS-232  
IndustryPack™

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GreenSpring Computers  
1204 O'Brien Drive  
Menlo Park, CA 94025  
(415) 327-1200  
(415) 327-3808 FAX

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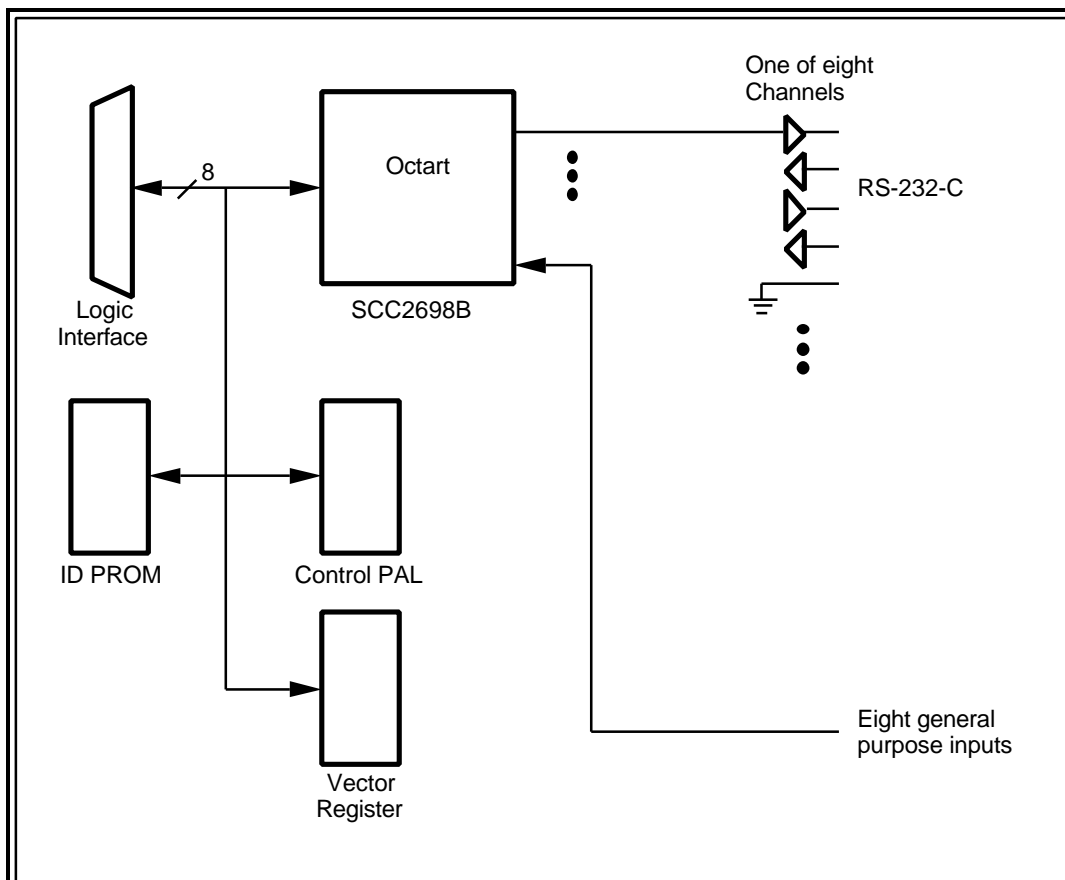
# Product Description

IP-Octal Serial is part of the Industry Pack™ family of modular I/O components. It is based around the Signetics CMOS SCC2698 Octal Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter. This component provides eight channels of full-duplex asynchronous serial communications, baud rate generators, state change detect logic, and four 16-bit counter/timers.

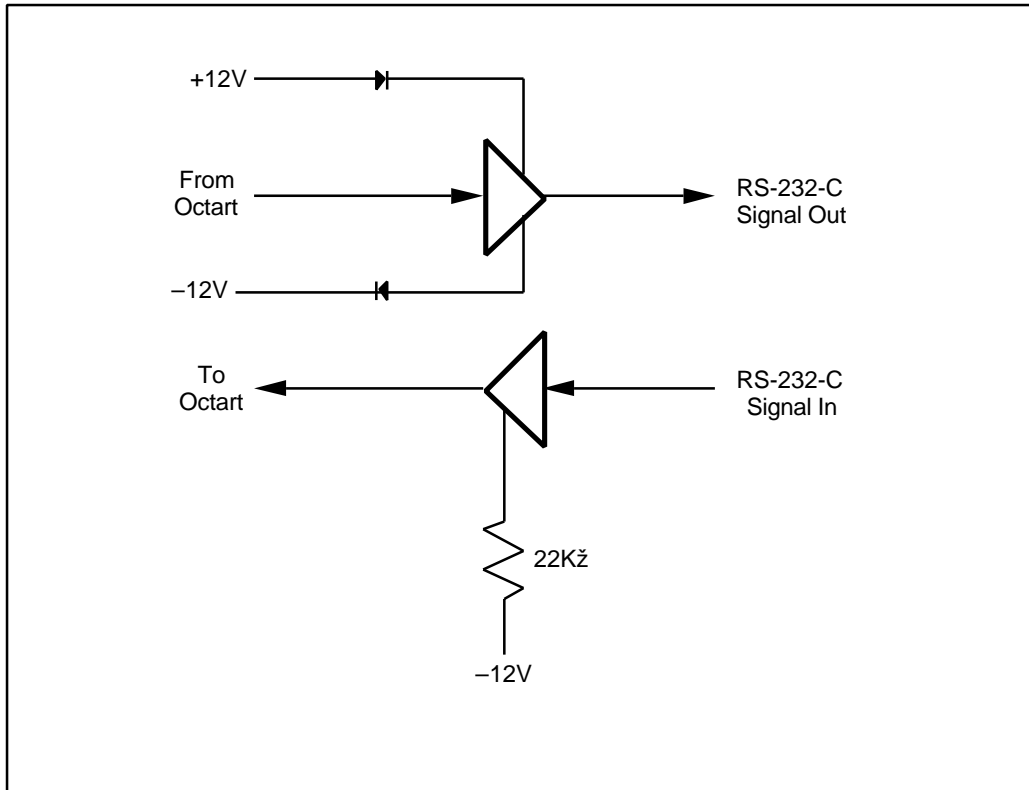
A block diagram of the IP-Octal Serial is shown below in Figure 1.

RS-232-C communication levels are provided by CMOS MC14C88 and MC14C89 transmitters and receivers. Five signals for each channel on the RS-232-C interface are supported: Transmit Data (TxD), Receive Data (RxD), Ready-To-Send (RTS), Clear-To-Send (CTS) and ground. The MC14C89 Receivers are biased at 1.5 volts nominally to permit a variety of input signal levels to be received without additional interface circuitry. The interface circuit is shown below in Figure 2. Protection diodes are provided in the  $\pm 12$  volt supply lines to permit connection to powered equipment, even if the IndustryPack is unpowered.

Vectored interrupts are fully supported. A common 8-bit vector register is provided. Channels a,b,c,d interrupt on IRQ0. Channels e,f,g,h interrupt on IRQ1.



**Figure 1 Simplified Block Diagram of IP-Octal Serial**



**Figure 2 I/O Buffer Circuit**

DMA is supported on channels c and d. If DMA is used, then the Request-To-Send lines on these two channels are not available .

The IndustryPack is controlled by a single CMOS 22V10 type PAL.

Connection to the IP-Octal Serial is via a standard 50-conductor ribbon cable. An optional connection panel is available which provides a 50-pin flat cable input with 16 DB-9 male or female connectors. The metal reinforced connection panel mounts in a standard 19 inch rack-mount space.

If compatibility with pre-1994 IP-Octal Serial IndustryPacks is required or for RS232D environments requiring a higher level of noise immunity, a special order option, Option-01, is available which shifts the nominal threshold slightly less than one volt. This option does not provide TTL switching thresholds.

Reprints of the Data Sheets for the SCC2698B, Schematic and PAL equations, and sample serial cables are available as part of the IP-Octal Serial Engineering Kit. This Kit is recommended for first time users of the IP-Octal Serial.

# VMEbus Addressing

IP-Octal Serial is accessed using 8-bit bytes at odd locations only. It is usually accessed in the I/O space. Shown below in Figures 3 and 4 are the register maps of the IP-Octal Serial. All addresses are offsets from the I/O base address of the IP as set on the IP carrier board.

The SCC2698B Octal UART has four major internal sections, called functional blocks A through D. Each functional block has two serial channels, one timer, and one I/O port.

Hex	Dec	Binary	Read	Write
<b>Functional Block A</b>				
1	1	0000001	MR1a, MR2a	MR1a, MR2a
3	3	0000011	SRa	CSRa
5	5	0000101	RESERVED	CRa
7	7	0000111	RHRa	THRa
9	9	0001001	IPCRA	ACRA
B	11	0001011	ISRA	IMRA
D	13	0001101	CTUA	CTURA
F	15	0001111	CRLB	CTLRB
11	17	0010001	MR1b, MR2b	MR1b, MR2b
13	19	0010011	SRb	CSRb
15	21	0010101	RESERVED	CRb
17	23	0010111	RHRb	RHRb
19	25	0011001	RESERVED	RESERVED
1B	27	0011011	INPUT PORT A	OPCRA
1D	29	0011101	START C/T A	RESERVED
1F	31	0011111	STOP C/T A	RESERVED
<b>Functional Block B</b>				
21	33	0100001	MR1c, MR2c	MR1c, MR2c
23	35	0100011	SRc	CSRc
25	37	0100101	RESERVED	CRc
27	39	0100111	RHRc	THRc
29	41	0101001	IPCRB	ACRB
2B	43	0101011	ISRB	IMRB
2D	45	0101101	CTUB	CTURB
2F	47	0101111	CRLB	CTLRB
31	49	0110001	MR1d, MR2d	MR1d, MR2d
33	51	0110011	SRd	CSRd
35	53	0110101	RESERVED	CRd
37	55	0110111	RHRd	THRd
39	57	0111001	RESERVED	RESERVED
3B	59	0111011	INPUT PORT B	OPCRB
3D	61	0111101	START C/T B	RESERVED
3F	63	0111111	STOP C/T B	RESERVED

**Figure 3 Register Map of SCC2698, Blocks A and B**

Hex	Dec	Binary	Read	Write
<b>Functional Block C</b>				
41	65	1000001	MR1e, MR2e	MR1e, MR2e
43	67	1000011	SRe	CSRe
45	69	1000101	RESERVED	CRe
47	71	1000111	RHRe	THRe
49	73	1001001	IPCRC	ACRC
4B	75	1001011	ISRC	IMRC
4D	77	1001101	CTUC	CTURC
4F	79	1001111	CRLC	CTLRC
51	81	1010001	MR1f, MR2f	MR1f, MR2f
53	83	1010011	SRf	CSRf
55	85	1010101	RESERVED	CRf
57	87	1010111	RHRf	THRf
59	89	1011001	RESERVED	RESERVED
5B	91	1011011	INPUT PORT C	OPCRC
5D	93	1011101	START C/T C	RESERVED
5F	95	1011111	STOP C/T C	RESERVED
<b>Functional Block D</b>				
61	97	1100001	MR1g, MR2g	MR1g, MR2g
63	99	1100011	SRg	CSRg
65	101	1100101	RESERVED	CRg
67	103	1100111	RHRg	THRg
69	105	1101001	IPCRD	ACRD
6B	107	1101011	ISRD	IMRD
6D	109	1101101	CTUD	CTURD
6F	111	1101111	CRLD	CLRDR
71	113	1110001	MR1h, MR2h	MR1h, MR2h
73	115	1110011	SRh	CSRh
75	117	1110101	RESERVED	CRh
77	119	1110111	RHRh	RHRh
79	121	1111001	RESERVED	RESERVED
7B	123	1111011	INPUT PORT D	OPCRD
7D	125	1111101	START C/T D	RESERVED
7F	127	1111111	STOP C/T D	RESERVED

**Figure 4 Register Map of SCC2698, Blocks C and D**

For NuBus applications see the section following, NuBus Addressing.



# NuBus Addressing

Since the NuBus uses only 32-bit wide accesses, 8-bit wide peripherals such as the IP-Octal Serial appear in the host address space every fourth byte.

To calculate the RM1260 Springboard register addresses from the VMEbus address (given in the previous section in Figures 4 and 5), multiply by two and subtract one. To convert VME addresses to RM1270 SupportBoard addresses multiply by two and add one.

# I/O Pin Assignments

This section gives the pin assignments for IP-Octal Serial connections.

Pin Number	Channel	Function	Level
1	Channel a	GND	RS-232-C
2	Channel a	TxD	RS-232-C
3	Channel a	RxD	RS-232-C
4	Channel a	RTS	RS-232-C
5	Channel a	CTS	RS-232-C
6	Channel b	GND	RS-232-C
7	Channel b	TxD	RS-232-C
8	Channel b	RxD	RS-232-C
9	Channel b	RTS	RS-232-C
10	Channel b	CTS	RS-232-C
11	Channel c	GND	RS-232-C
12	Channel c	TxD	RS-232-C
13	Channel c	RxD	RS-232-C
14	Channel c	RTS	RS-232-C
15	Channel c	CTS	RS-232-C
16	Channel d	GND	RS-232-C
17	Channel d	TxD	RS-232-C
18	Channel d	RxD	RS-232-C
19	Channel d	RTS	RS-232-C
20	Channel d	CTS	RS-232-C
21	Channel e	GND	RS-232-C
22	Channel e	TxD	RS-232-C
23	Channel e	RxD	RS-232-C
24	Channel e	RTS	RS-232-C
25	Channel e	CTS	RS-232-C
26	Channel f	GND	RS-232-C
27	Channel f	TxD	RS-232-C
28	Channel f	RxD	RS-232-C
29	Channel f	RTS	RS-232-C
30	Channel f	CTS	RS-232-C
31	Channel g	GND	RS-232-C
32	Channel g	TxD	RS-232-C
33	Channel g	RxD	RS-232-C
34	Channel g	RTS	RS-232-C
35	Channel g	CTS	RS-232-C
36	Channel h	GND	RS-232-C
37	Channel h	TxD	RS-232-C
38	Channel h	RxD	RS-232-C
39	Channel h	RTS	RS-232-C40
40	Channel h	CTS	RS-232-C
41	--	GND	--
42	--	+12 pullup	RS-232-C
43	Channel a	MPI - a	CMOS*
44	Channel b	MPI - b	CMOS*
45	Channel c	MPI - c	CMOS*
46	Channel d	MPI - d	CMOS*
47	Channel e	MPI - e	CMOS*
48	Channel f	MPI - f	CMOS*
49	Channel g	MPI - g	CMOS*
50	Channel h	MPI - h	CMOS*

**\*Note:** I/O lines on pins 43–50 are  $\pm 50 \mu\text{A}$  input current, TTL thresholds.

**Figure 5 I/O Pin Assignment**

Each channel has five RS-232-C lines. Each channel is wired identically at the 50-pin connector. The five lines are Ground, Transmit Data output, Receive Data input, Ready to Send output, and Clear to Send input. The common ground line for all channels connects to the local logic ground. There are many programming options. The two "modem control lines" RTS and CTS may also be used for other modem or terminal control functions or for general purpose functions.

There is a pullup resistor (1K $\Omega$ ) to +12 volts available on pin 42. This may be connected externally to assert a "Mark" (true) signal into an RS-232-C line.

Eight general purpose input lines at non-RS-232 levels are provided on pins 43 through 50. These are unbuffered CMOS logic inputs connected directly to the SCC2698B. They may be programmed as general purpose inputs or as the counter/timer external input. The switching threshold for inputs is at TTL levels (1.5 volts nominal). Since these lines are unbuffered, the user is cautioned to observe anti-static rules in handling cabling, the IndustryPack and all connecting hardware. External equipment connected to these lines should be powered up and down at the same time as the IndustryPack.

# IndustryPack Logic Interface Pin Assignment

Figure 6 below gives the pin assignments for the IndustryPack Logic Interface on the IP-Octal 232. Pins marked n/c below are defined by the specification, but not used on IP-Octal 232.

GND	GND	1	26
CLK	+5V	2	27
Reset*	R/W*	3	28
D0	IDSel*	4	29
D1 DMAReq0	5 30		
D2	MEMSel*	6	31
D3 DMAReq1	7 32		
D4	INTSel*	8	33
D5 DMAAck0*	9 34		
D6	IOSel*	10	35
D7 DMAAck1*	11 36		
n/c	A1	12	37
n/c	n/c	13	38
n/c	A2	14	39
n/c	n/c	15	40
n/c	A3	16	41
n/c	n/c	17	42
n/c	A4	18	43
n/c	n/c	19	44
n/c	A5	20	45
BS1*	Strobe*	21	46
-12V	A6	22	47
+12V	Ack*	23	48
+5V	n/c	24	49
GND	GND	25	50

**Note 1:** The no-connect (n/c) signals above are defined by the IndustryPack Logic Interface Specification, but not used by this IP. See the Specification for more information.

**Note 2:** The layout of the pin numbers in this table corresponds to the physical placement of pins on the IP connector. Thus this table may be used to easily locate the physical pin corresponding to a desired signal. Pin 1 is marked with a square pad on the IndustryPack.

**Figure 6 Logic Interface Pin Assignment**

# Programming

The IP-Octal is designed around the SCC2698B and all of the SCC2698 functions are available. The SCC2698B is divided into four Functional Blocks lettered A through D. Each functional block contains two serial channels. The channels are identified by lower case letters a through h. The SCC2698B contains 64 internal registers, 16 for each functional block. Each of these registers are accessible using a read or write to the IP-Octal I/O space. The SCC2698 manual is included with the Technical Documentation to provide the user with detailed information about these registers.

The IndustryPack provides an external vector register. The address of the vector register, which may also be read normally, is in the upper half of the ID PROM space of the IndustryPack, on odd bytes. The address offsets are shown in Figure 7.

There is also provision for mapping the vector register to IP memory space. This is required primarily when the IP is installed on a Motorola MVME162 CPU board. In this mode, no address offset is required; the memory base address is sufficient.

<b>Carrier</b>	<b>Bus</b>	<b>Address</b>
VIPC310	VMEbus	IP I/O base + \$C1
VIPC610	VMEbus	IP I/O base + \$C1
MVME162	IPIC	IP Memory base
RM1260	NuBus	IP ID base + \$81
RM1270	NuBus	IP ID base + \$83

**Figure 7 Location of the Vector Register**

The eight bit vector is loaded by the host software prior to enabling interrupts. The interrupts service routine polls the SCC2698B to determine the detailed cause of the interrupt. Function Blocks A and B interrupt on IRQ0. Function Blocks C and D interrupt on IRQ1. See the User Manual for your IP Carrier for interrupt mapping to your bus. Note that although two distinct interrupt levels are provided, there is a single vector for the IndustryPack.

A Hypercard stack is available that permits quick demonstration, testing and prototyping of the IP-Octal Serial. A GreenSpring RM1270 SupportBoard and a GreenSpring RackMac™ or user provide Apple® Macintosh® II family computer is required.

# ID PROM

Every IP contains an IP PROM, whose size is at least 32 x 8 bits. The ID PROM aids in software auto configuration and configuration management. The user's software, or a supplied driver, may verify that the device it expects is actually installed at the location it expects, and is nominally functional. The ID PROM contains the manufacturing revision level of the IP. If a driver requires that a particular revision be present, it may check for it directly.

Standard data in the ID PROM on the IP-Octal Serial is shown in Figure 8 below. For more information on IP ID PROMs refer to the IndustryPack Logic Interface Specification, available from GreenSpring Computers.

The location of the ID PROM in the host's address space is dependent on which carrier is used. Normally for VMEbus carriers the ID PROM space is directly above the IP's I/O space, or at IP-base + \$80. Macintosh drivers use the ID PROM automatically. RM1260 address may be derived from Figure 8 below by multiplying the addresses given by two, then subtracting one. RM1270 addresses may be derived by multiplying the addresses given by two, then adding one.

The ID PROM used is an AMD 27LS19A.

3F	(available for user)
19	
17	CRC
15	No of bytes used (0B)
13	Driver ID, high byte
11	Driver ID, low byte
0F	reserved (00)
0D	Revision (A1)
0B	Model No IP-Octal Serial (22)
09	Manufacturer ID GreenSpring (F0)
07	ASCII "C" (43)
05	ASCII "A" (41)
03	ASCII "P" (50)
01	ASCII "I" (49)

**Figure 8 ID PROM Data (hex)**

# User Options

User options consist of connecting to the Strobe pin on the Logic Interface and connections to support DMA.

The location of the shunt groups is shown near the end of this Manual in Figure 11.

The Strobe pin on the Logic Interface (pin 46) is provided for secondary clock input or output. This pin may be driven by the Channel a Multi-Purpose Output from the SCC, or it may be connected to provide for the external input the to Counter/Timer. These options are shown below in Figure 9. Note that in most cases some corresponding programming of SCC modes is required. The SCC may be programmed to drive the connected pin for other functions that those listed in the Figure below. The IndustryPack Logic Interface Specification restricts the Strobe pin to clock functions, however. Only those functions listed below should be programmed.

<b>Shunt E1</b>	<b>I/O</b>	<b>SCC Pin</b>	<b>Function</b>
1-2	Output	MPOa	Counter/Timer output
1-2	Output	MPOa	Transmit Clock (1X or 16X)
1-2	Output	MPOa	Receive Clock (1X or 16X)
2-3	Input	MPI1a	General Purpose Input
2-3	Input	MPI1a	Counter/Timer External Input
OUT	none	none	Strobe Pin floating <b>default</b>

**Figure 9 Strobe Connection Options**

The IP-Octal Serial is configured to support minimum Direct Memory Access (DMA) on Channels C and D. To use DMA, program the SCC for TxRDY or RxRDY on MPOc and/or MPOd. See Figure 10 below for DMA Shunt Assignments.

<b>Shunt</b>	<b>SCC Pin</b>	<b>Logic Pin</b>	<b>Function</b>
E2 IN	MPOc	DMAReq0	TxRDY or RxRDY
E3 IN	MPOd	DMAReq1	TxRDY or RxRDY
E2,E3 OUT	--	--	No DMA <b>default</b>

**Figure 10 DMA Shunt Assignments**

# Construction and Reliability

IndustryPacks were conceived and engineered for rugged industrial environments. The IP-Octal Serial is constructed out of 0.062 inch thick FR4 material. The six copper layers consist of a ground plane, a power plane and four signal planes.

Surface mounting of components is used extensively. IC sockets for the control PAL and ID PROM use gold plated screw-machined pins. High insertion and removal forces are required, which assists in keeping components in place. If the application requires unusually high reliability or is in an environment subject to high vibration, the user may solder the four corner pins of each socketed IC into the socket, using a grounded soldering iron.

The IndustryPack connectors are keyed, shrouded and gold plated on both contacts and receptacles. They are rated at 1 Amp per pin, 200 insertion cycles minimum. These connectors make consistent, correct insertion easy and reliable.

The IP is optionally secured to the carrier with four metric M2 stainless steel screws. The heads of the screws are countersunk into the IP. The four screws provide significant protection against shock, vibration, and incomplete insertion. For most applications they are not required.

The IndustryPack provides a low temperature coefficient of  $0.89 \text{ W}/^\circ\text{C}$  for uniform heat. This is based on the temperature coefficient of the base FR4 material of  $.31 \text{ W}/\text{m}^\circ\text{C}$ , and taking into account the thickness and area of the IP. This coefficient means that if 0.89 Watts is applied uniformly on the component side, that the temperature difference between the component and the solder side is one degree Celsius.



# Warranty and Repair

GreenSpring Computer warrants this product to be free from defects in workmanship and materials under normal use and service and in its original, unmodified condition, for a period of one year from the time of purchase. If the product is found to be defective within the terms of this warranty, GreenSpring Computer's sole responsibility shall be to repair, or at GreenSpring Computer's sole option to replace, the defective product. The product must be returned by the original customer, insured, and shipped prepaid to GreenSpring Computers. All replaced products become the sole property of GreenSpring Computers.

GreenSpring Computer's warranty of and liability for defective products is limited to that set forth herein. GreenSpring Computers disclaims and excludes all other product warranties and product liability, expressed or implied, including but not limited to any implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose or use, liability for negligence in manufacture or shipment of product, liability for injury to persons or property, or for any incidental or consequential damages.

GreenSpring's products are not authorized for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without the express written approval of the president of GreenSpring Computers, Inc.

## Service Policy

Before returning a product for repair, verify as well as possible that the suspected unit is at fault. Then call the Customer Service Department for a RETURN MATERIAL AUTHORIZATION (RMA) number. Carefully package the unit, in the original shipping carton if this is available, and ship prepaid and insured with the RMA number clearly written on the outside of the package. Include a return address and the telephone number of a technical contact. For out-of-warranty repairs, a purchase order for repair charges must accompany the return. GreenSpring Computers will not be responsible for damages due to improper packaging of returned items. For service on GreenSpring Products not purchased directly from GreenSpring Computers contact your reseller. Products returned to GreenSpring Computers for repair by other than the original customer will be treated as out-of-warranty.

## Out of Warranty Repairs

Out of warranty repairs will be billed on a material and labor basis. The current minimum repair charge is \$100. Customer approval will be obtained before repairing any item if the repair charges will exceed one half of the quantity one list price for that unit. Return transportation and insurance will be billed as part of the repair and is in addition to the minimum charge.

## For Service Contact:

Customer Service Department  
GreenSpring Computers  
1204 O'Brien Drive  
Menlo Park, CA 94025  
(415) 327-1200  
(415) 327-3808 fax

# Shunt Locations

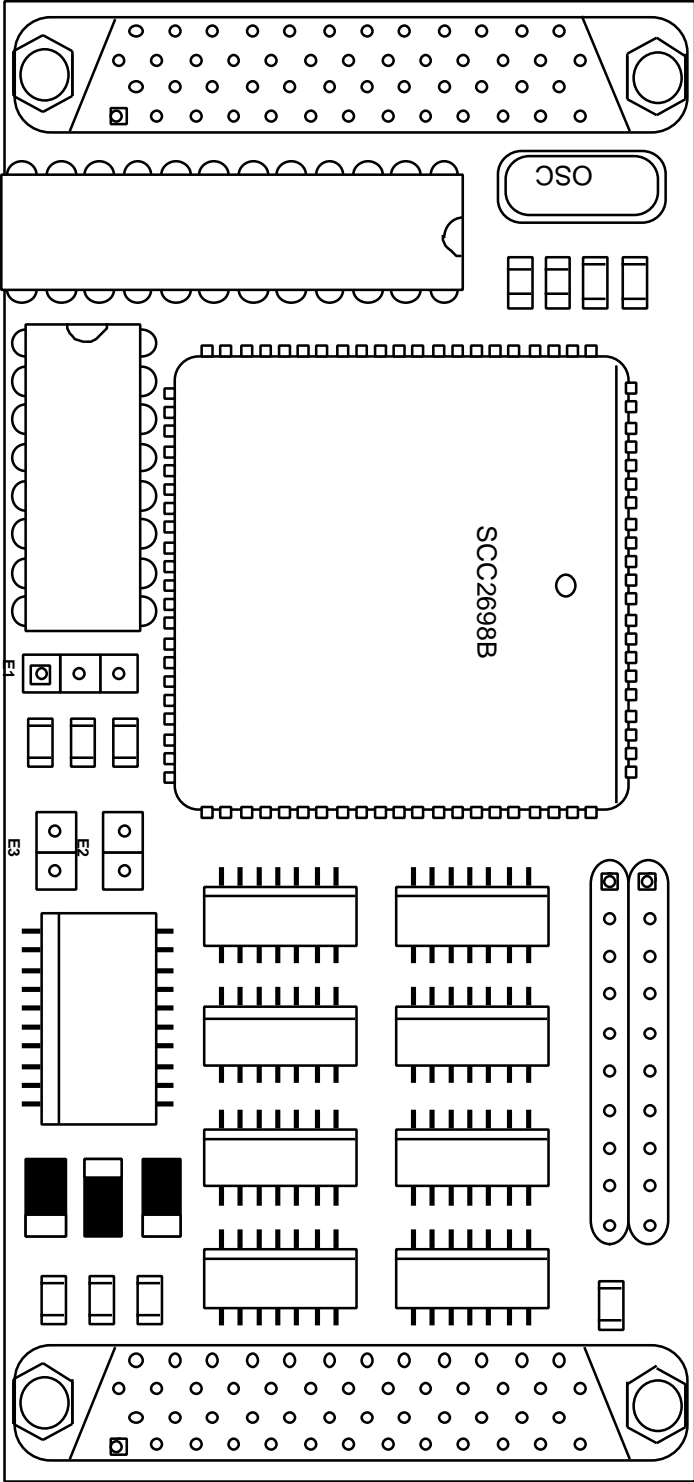


Figure 11 Shunt Locations

# Specifications

Logic Interface	IndustryPack logic Interface
Wait States	Zero on ID and Interrupts, One on SCC accesses
Number of Channels	Eight
Type of Channels	Full-duplex asynchronous RS-232C
Baud Rates	18 fixed rates from 50 to 38.4K Four user-defined rates using timers
Implemented Signals	TxD, RxD, RTS, CTS, GND
Stop Bits	1, 1.5, 2 in $1/16$ bit increments
Clock Source	Local crystal oscillator, or external
Error Detection	Parity, framing, overrun, false start bit, break
Channel Modes	Full duplex, automatic echo, local loopback, remote loopback
Number of Timers	Four
Type of Timers	16-bit, multi-function, programmable
Interrupt Sources	32, maskable, vectored
Interrupt Vector	Eight bits, may be independently read/writable
Auxiliary Input lines	Eight TTL/CMOS inputs, programmable bit input or state change detect causes interrupt or counter/external clock input
IP Strobe Options	Timer output, or baud rate clock input, or none
Power Requirements	+5 VDC, 170 mA +12 VDC, 22 mA -12 VDC, 9 mA
Dimensions	1.800 by 3.900 by 0.340 inches maximum
Environmental	Operating temperature: 10 to 50°C Humidity: 5 to 95% non-condensing Storage: -10 to +85°C